

GREECE WILL HELP

ARMY OF 250,000 MEN TO BE SENT TO ASSIST ALLIES IN THE BALKANS.

CONSIDERS HERSELF AT WAR

No Formal Declaration Will Be Delivered to Powers—Government to Lose No Time in Mobilizing Her Resources for Actual Hostilities.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Washington, D. C.—Uncertainty as to Greece's status in the world war was cleared away with the receipt of official information that the Greek government not only has severed relations with all four of the central powers, but is actually in a state of war with them.

Information has reached the state department that the Greek minister in Paris has notified the French government Greece considers herself a full belligerent and will act accordingly. He said it was not necessary to issue a formal declaration of war, as the government feels it is bound by the declarations previously issued at Saloniki by Premier Venizelos, who took with him to Athens all the responsibilities and commitments of the temporary Saloniki government.

As a belligerent Greece is expected to lose no time in mobilizing her war resources and joining effectively in the common allied operations in the Balkans. The strength of the Venizelos army is placed at about 60,000 men and the remnants of the former regular army, while not over 30,000 now, has at times been mobilized to a total of 200,000 men and is capable of reaching 300,000 if munitions are provided. The regulars practically were demobilized by the allies when former King Constantine held the organizations as a threat to the allies' rear, but can quickly be called to the colors again.

The classes of 1916 and 1917, previously prevented by the allies from being called out, were called to the colors about two weeks ago. Commissioner Jonnart, whom the allies entrusted with enforcing Constantine's abdication, has reported that a Greek army of 250,000 will be raised to add to the 700,000 allied soldiers already in the Balkans.

ALLIES WILL REQUIRE LOAN.

Congress Probably Will Be Asked to Authorize \$3,000,000,000.

Washington, D. C.—Unless the unforeseen develops, congress probably will be asked before adjournment of the present session to issue another gigantic loan to the allies. The present authorization of \$3,000,000,000 will be exhausted within from three to four months at the rate at which the government is lending money to entente governments.

Indications are that the amount of the second authorization will be no less than the first, and may go as high as \$5,000,000,000.

It is pointed out that nearly one-half of the \$3,000,000,000 already has been exhausted. Should the loans during the next three months be at the same rate as during the past three months the entire \$3,000,000,000 will be exhausted by October 25.

Present indications are that congress will remain in session until late in October and that the war revenue bill will be among the last of the big measures to be disposed of.

Fruit and Potato Crop Short.

Paris.—The intelligence department of the United States army has perfected a method for obtaining the quick delivery of translations from German newspapers with the purpose of supplementing other channels of information concerning internal conditions in Germany. Papers recently received report a big wheat crop in Rumania, much of which, it is expected, will be transported to Germany. The vegetable crop in Germany, with the exception of potatoes, is reported by the German press to be good. The German fruit crop is bad and the potato crop is expected to be the smallest since the beginning of the war.

Quit Building Zeppelins.

London.—It is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Lorraine that no more zeppelins are being constructed at Friederichshafen. Thousands of workmen who hitherto have been employed in building airships are now said to be engaged in the construction of a large number of airplanes.

American Heroes Honored.

London.—King George has conferred the military medal for bravery on three members of the American legion of the Canadian forces. The men are Lance Corporal Dick, Sergeant Harlan and Private Porter.

Freighter Sinks Sub.

Toronto.—The Canadian freight steamship Meaford sank a submarine by gunfire in the Mediterranean June 12, according to official information from the marine department in London conveyed to the owners of the Meaford. The gun crew of the freighter opened fire while the submarine was maneuvering for position from which to discharge a torpedo. The Meaford, under charter to the French government, was on the way from Swansea to Bona when the battle occurred.

WARSHIP BLOWN UP

773 MEN KILLED WHEN BLAST DESTROYS BRITISH DREADNAUGHT VANGUARD.

CAUSE OF DISASTER UNKNOWN

Admiralty Declares Internal Explosion Occurred While Craft Was at Anchor—Only Ninety-Five of Crew Escaped Death.

London, July 16.—The British battleship Vanguard was blown up and sunk on July 9, says an official statement issued on Friday by the British admiralty.

An internal explosion while the ship was at anchor caused the disaster. Only three men of those on board survived and one of them has since died. Twenty-four officers and 71 men, however, were not on board at the time of the explosion.

The official statement reads: "H. M. S. Vanguard, Capt. James D. Dick, blew up while at anchor on the night of July 9 as the result of an internal explosion.

"The ship sank immediately and there were only three survivors among those aboard ship at the time of the disaster—one officer and two men. The officer has since died. There were, however, 24 officers and 71 men not on board at the time, thus bringing the total number of survivors to 97.

"A full inquiry has been ordered. The Vanguard displaced 19,250 tons and her complement before the war was 870 men.

The Vanguard belonged to the St. Vincent class of dreadnaughts and was launched in March, 1909.

The Vanguard was 536 feet long with a beam of 84 feet and a draft of 27 feet. Her armament consisted of ten twelve-inch guns, eighteen four-inch and four three-pounders in addition to three torpedo tubes.

SAYS GERMANS WANT PEACE

Independent Leader of Hungary Asserts Liberties Must Be Granted in Every Country.

Amsterdam, July 16.—Count Michael Karloyi, leader of the Hungarian independent party, speaking in the house of deputies, says a telegram from Budapest, declared:

"The central point of the present crisis is the question of peace. Every one in Germany wants peace, but it is not enough to desire it, the nation must negotiate for it. Count Czernin (Austro-Hungarian) foreign minister, has not confined himself to mere words, but has openly declared that we are ready for peace without annexations. One of the prerequisite conditions of peace is the democratization of every country."

In a continuation of the debate Baron Julius Beck said:

"There is no war policy today, but only a peace policy. The peace must be honorable, guaranteeing Hungary's frontiers and her political independence."

Count Moritz Esterhazy, the premier, replying to Baron Beck, said the new Hungarian government stands for the continuance of the alliance between the dual monarchy and Germany, as did the government which it succeeded.

"We are waging this war as a defensive war. Our peace aim is not conquest. We do not leave our enemies in doubt about this. On the contrary, we testified clearly before the whole world our readiness for peace."

30 HURT IN I. W. W. FIGHT

German Agents Blamed for Clash With Aliens at Lead Mine; U. S. Orders Teuton Members Interned.

Flat River, Mo., July 16.—Thirty or forty men were reported injured, several probably fatally, in rioting on Friday night between Americans and foreigners employed in the lead mines here.

Several hundred shots were exchanged, windows and doors of shaft-houses were broken and the homes of the foreigners were stoned by a mob of about a thousand Americans which moved swiftly from shaft house to shaft house in an effort to drive all foreigners out of the city.

Five lead mines are said to be in danger. These are properties of the Doe Run Lead company, the St. Joseph Lead company, Federal Lead company, St. Louis Smelting & Refining company and the Des Loge Consolidated Lead company.

Seattle, Wash., July 14.—The United States has decided to take out of the I. W. W. organization that part of it which is German or dominated by German influence, United States District Attorney Clay Allen announced. The men will be interned.

Troop Movement Success.

American Headquarters in France, July 16.—Not a single accident has yet marked the transportation of the United States troops from their temporary camp to the permanent base behind the front.

Appeals to Striking Slaves.

Washington, July 16.—A patriotic appeal to striking slaves in the Arizona mining regions to return to work was sent by telegraph by the Serbian minister, Lioubomir Michailovitch to Bisbee, Ariz.

ISN'T IT A PEACH?



RUSSIANS GO FORWARD

SLAVS, UNDER GENERAL KORNILOFF, ADVANCE ON LEMBERG.

Petrograd Says Pursuit of the Enemy in Galicia Continues—Take Many Prisoners.

Petrograd, July 13.—The Russians have reached the Posiecz-Lesivka-Kosmacz line. In the fighting between Sunday and Tuesday in the direction of Dolina, the Russians took more than 10,000 prisoners and 80 guns.

According to a telegram received from the general staff the pursuit of the enemy in Galicia continues. The capture of Halicz, strategic key to Lemberg, is confirmed.

The Russians also advanced westward to the left bank of the Lomnica river and pressed forward on the Bogorodchan-Zolotov front.

On the southern side the Russians are now less than 60 miles from the coveted capital of Galicia. On the eastern side the Russians are less than 40 miles away.

The German and Austro-Hungarian soldiers are making desperate resistance to check advance of the Russians, especially in the district lying between Halicz and Brezany, but have been unable to stem the tide.

Cossacks are playing an important part in the Russian advance and cavalry is being used to a large extent in the pursuit of the Austro-German armies.

OUST I. W. W.'S FROM ARIZONA

Armed Citizens of Bisbee Deport More Than 1,900 Agitators—Governor Calls for U. S. Troops.

Bisbee, Ariz., July 14.—More than 1,900 alleged Industrial Workers of the World, deported from Bisbee in 24 cattle cars on Thursday. Their announced destination is Columbus, N. M. The men were driven from the city by deputy sheriffs and about 2,000 armed men, members of an organization known as the "Citizens' Protective League."

Phoenix, Ariz., July 14.—Governor Campbell wired to General Parker at Fort Sam Houston informing him of the situation at Bisbee and requesting that United States troops be sent there at once.

U. S. SHIP SUNK OFF FRANCE

Steamer Kansan, Valued at \$3,000,000, Destroyed by Submarine—Four of Crew Lost.

Washington, July 13.—State department dispatches announcing the destruction of the Kansan by a German submarine, said that four members of the crew were missing, but all the armed vessel guard was safe. All of those on board were reported landed except the following four members of the crew, who are considered lost:

First Assistant Engineer J. E. Murphy, American; E. Aguirre, English; A. P. Kua of Honolulu and C. Hannan of Singapore.

Pugh Receiver Is Asked.

Chicago, July 16.—A petition for a receiver for the Pugh Stores company, capitalized at \$20,000,000, and operating 30 stores in six states, was filed in the superior court by Arthur R. Whitnah and R. T. Whitnah.

Chicago Policeman Killed.

Chicago, July 16.—Policeman Peter Buisin was killed when six bandits robbed an auto bearing funds of the Chicago City Bank and Trust company. They seized a bag of nickels Buisin left seven children.

FIGHT TO THE FINISH

KAISER'S PLAN IS TO BATTLE UNTIL VICTORY.

Declares "We Will Win If We Hold Out"—No Peace Without Territory.

Berne, Switzerland, July 12.—According to Berlin newspapers, the German chancellor, Doctor von Bethmann-Hollweg, said to members of the reichstag:

"I repeat that the formula of peace without annexation is unacceptable to us. We cannot declare our terms of peace. We must fight and conquer."

The chancellor made a strong attack on Mathias Erzberger, leader of the Catholic center, who assailed the pan-Germans in his address before the main committee last week and advocated peace without annexations or indemnities.

Doctor von Bethmann-Hollweg said Herr Erzberger's attitude was unpatriotic.

According to the summary of the chancellor's speech before the main committee, published in the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin, he said:

"We must continue the war with our whole energies. I do not deny that we have great difficulties to overcome, but so have our enemies. We shall see whether their difficulties or ours are greater."

"I am sure we can win if we hold out. Nothing was further from my intention than to cling to my post, but now it is a question of protecting the fatherland from injury, and for this reason I consider it necessary to retain my post."

It is reported in Amsterdam, says the correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company, that the resignation of Dr. Karl Helfferich, the German vice chancellor and secretary of the interior, and Dr. Alfred Zimmermann, the German secretary of foreign affairs, have been decided upon by Emperor William.

BRITISH LINE IS SMASHED

German Advance 600 Yards in Newport Sector—Terrific Bombardment Levels Dunes Defenses.

Berlin, July 13.—More than 1,250 prisoners, including 27 officers, have been taken by the German marine corps in the Yser district of Belgium, army headquarters announced. The official report says that the British were driven back over the Yser and that their losses were very high.

Paris, July 13.—The Germans made an attack in the Woivre north of Filirey.

Latins Postpone Conference.

Buenos Aires, July 13.—The congress of neutral South American nations to formulate a common policy in respect to problems arising from the war has been postponed indefinitely.

Brazil to Patrol Coast.

Rio Janeiro, July 16.—An agreement has been reached under which the Brazilian fleet will assume the responsibility for patrolling the entire Brazilian coast line from the Gullana border to the southern boundary of Brazil.

New Iowa Militia Unit.

Des Moines, Ia., July 16.—Organization of an ammunition train company, consisting of 18 officers and 684 men, as an additional unit of the federalized Iowa National Guard was ordered on Friday by Gov. W. L. Harding.

TO DRAW 10 MILLION

EVERY MAN REGISTERED WILL KNOW ORDER IN WHICH HE IS LIABLE TO BE CALLED.

MAY EXEMPT 50 PER CENT

More Than Million Will Appear Before Board Before 687,000 Wanted on First Call Are Obtained—Wilson Plan Makes Fair Draft Sure.

Washington, July 14.—Secretary Baker announced on Thursday that in the drawing to select men for draft into the war army numbers will be drawn representing every one of the nearly 10,000,000 registered, so that each man may know the order in which he is liable to be called for service.

Liability will be fixed by the order in which the names come out. There are some 6,000 districts with numbered registration cards, so the first number drawn will represent the first 6,000 men to appear before the exemption boards.

It is estimated that 50 per cent of the men examined will be exempted or fall to pass the physical examination, so that more than a million men probably will appear before the boards before the 687,000 or more wanted on the first call are obtained.

The exemption regulations and all other moves in the making of the new army have received the approval of the president personally and the draft regulations also will come from the White House.

GERMAN MINISTRY MAY QUIT

Government to Resign as Result of Reichstag's Refusal to Vote War Credit—Hollweg Ousted.

Copenhagen, July 14.—Emperor William of Germany has issued an imperial manifesto declaring for equal franchise in Prussia. The manifesto, it is affirmed, will operate to prevent the ministry and the hitherto dominant parties in Berlin from jockeying with the new suffrage bill, defeating or limiting the reform in practice while granting it in principle.

Amsterdam, July 14.—A rumor has reached Holland that the entire German government will resign with Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, the main committee of the reichstag having refused to vote a war credit unless the government declares its policy regarding peace and reform, which the government has declined to do.

SIX DIE IN NAVY YARD BLAST

Mare Island Powder Magazine Blows Up and Fire Follows—Damage Is Extensive.

Vallejo, Cal., July 11.—An official announcement of the dead resulting from the explosion at the Mare Island navy yard on Monday, was given out and included the following names:

Allen F. McKenzie, a chief gunner. Mrs. McKenzie.

Dorothy McKenzie, twelve, their daughter.

George Stanton, a gardener.

N. Damstedt, a civilian employee of the ordnance department.

The official announcement gives 31 injured.

MAY USE NATIONAL TROOPS

Secretary of War Baker to Stop I. W. W.'s Reign of Terror in West.

Washington, July 13.—The Industrial Workers of the World have taken advantage of the war situation to inaugurate a reign of terror in the far West. Their activities have progressed to a point where the local and state authorities are unable to cope with them, and a situation is being fast created which will require federal troops to protect life and property. The facts have been laid before Secretary of War Baker.

HALICZ TAKEN BY RUSSIANS

Break Twenty-Mile Front in Carpathians—Several More Villages and 1,000 Prisoners Captured.

London, July 12.—Halicz, the strategic key to Lemberg, capital of Galicia, has been captured by the Russians, says a dispatch from Reuter's Petrograd correspondent.

Petrograd, July 12.—General Korniloff's operations in Galicia along a front of 20 miles have broken the Austro-German front between Halicz and the Carpathians and already the Russian cavalry has pressed forward for a distance of 16 miles. More than 1,000 prisoners were taken.

German Paper Refuses Offer.

Amsterdam, July 14.—The radical Weser Zeitung, an old newspaper of Bremen, Germany, which, it was reported, was to be bought by the Krupp interests, is on the market. The owners will never sell it to the Krupps.

U. S. Names New Consul.

Copenhagen, July 14.—William H. Gale, former American consul general at Munich, has arrived to take charge of the consulate here. Edward D. Winslow, the consul general here, has been summoned to Washington.

GOSSIP FROM STATE HOUSE

STATE SCHOOL APPORTIONMENT

State Superintendent Clemmons' department was delayed in making out the semi-annual apportionment of the temporary state school fund and a list of the amounts payable to each county in the state was not filed in the state auditor's office until June 25. State Treasurer Hall certified to the state superintendent June 1, that a total of \$411,344.15 was available for apportionment. The law requires the state superintendent to make the apportionment within twenty days after receiving the state treasurer's certificate. In January the state superintendent's office by mistake apportioned \$98,123 more than was in the fund. This error was corrected by the superintendent's office in June by deducting the amount from the funds to be apportioned at this time. The following shows the amount each county is to receive from the state temporary school fund for the support of public schools:

Counties	Amount	Counties	Amount
Adams	5,188.71	Johnson	3,040.79
Antelope	5,469.34	Kearney	3,172.83
Arthur	880.14	Keith	1,700.92
Banner	684.35	Kearney	1,436.42
Blaine	893.83	Kimball	1,295.08
Bonanza	5,317.77	Lincoln	3,099.05
Box Butte	2,617.04	Lancaster	3,739.25
Boyd	3,007.10	Lincoln	6,336.01
Brown	2,714.85	Lebanon	1,600.20
Buffalo	1,226.02	Lebanon	1,114.47
Burt	4,326.05	Lebanon	6,008.26
Butler	5,207.92	McPherson	1,918.18
Canon	6,076.64	Merrick	5,516.07
Cedar	5,579.17	Morrill	2,284.75
Cham	1,980.92	Nathan	3,399.36
Cherry	5,243.17	Nebraska	4,284.71
Cheyenne	2,520.25	Nuckolls	4,761.79
Ciay	4,083.19	Oliver	2,581.47
Clatsop	4,288.45	Pawnee	4,681.47
Cumby	4,807.87	Pearson	1,437.85
Custer	10,768.38	Pierce	3,202.48
Dakota	2,225.03	Piute	4,121.82
Dawson	5,210.01	Polk	6,715.07
Deuel	5,146.78	Polk	3,722.32
Dixon	891.20	Radcliff	3,878.26
Dodge	4,476.29	Richardson	6,140.87
Dodd	1,199.01	Rock	1,734.21
Douglas	36,515.31	Rock	6,009.82
Dundy	1,867.57	Sarpy	2,833.00
Fillmore	4,903.74	Seward	4,301.36
Franklin	3,800.19	Seward	4,301.36
Frontier	2,607.29	Seward	4,301.36
Furness	4,114.51	Shelburne	4,284.71
Gage	9,588.91	Sherman	3,623.70
Garden	2,006.06	Sioux	3,004.11
Garfield	1,204.78	Sitka	2,981.34
Gosper	3,223.45	Thayer	5,146.23
Grant	418.18	Thomas	3,018.52
Greene	5,488.87	Thurston	4,481.85
Hamilton	4,751.85	Union	3,004.02
Harlan	3,570.39	Washington	6,197.56
Hayes	1,285.07	Wayne	3,923.77
Hickman	2,524.03	Webster	4,148.76
Holt	7,265.07	Wheeler	1,248.98
Hooker	697.22	York	5,420.78
Howard	4,351.09		
Jefferson	2,651.49	Total	\$411,344.15

A proclamation has been issued by President Wilson designating August 5 as the date for the formal drafting of the Nebraska troops into service.

According to word from Adjutant General Hall, the Fifth and Sixth regiments, the signal corps and the field hospital will mobilize at their home camps on July 15.

Governor Keith Neville left Lincoln last week for a brief business visit to Washington. During his absence the reins of government have been in the hands of Lieutenant Governor Edgar Howard.

About 1,400 men are enlisted in the new Sixth regiment, according to Adjutant General Phil Hall. He says he has an average of 95 men in each company, and there will be fifteen companies. Recruiting is still going on rapidly.

Lancaster, Washington, Red Willow and Nemaha counties have made formal application to the state board of irrigation, highways and drainage for allotment of federal and state funds to be used in building permanent highways. The board has accepted and approved these applications, and will act on others as they are received.

A new law which goes into effect during the present month reduces the time for filing in county court claims against the estates of deceased persons. Heretofore six months from the time of giving notice has been allowed for filing claims, but under the statute enacted by the late legislature the time is reduced to three months.

State Land Commissioner G. L. Shumway proposes to invest \$100,000 of state school funds in federal land bank bonds. He will present the question at the first meeting of the board. The land bank bonds bear 4 1/2 per cent interest. The last legislature authorized the board of educational lands, and funds to invest in such bonds if it desires to do so.

Until Nebraska railroads can show that the cost of running special passenger trains is out of proportion to the revenue derived therefrom, the state railway commission will not grant their request for permission to increase the minimum rate for such trains, from \$50 to \$75, and from 75 regular fares to 100. The Burlington road has filed an application of this kind, and other lines expect to do so.

Fire Commissioner Ridgell is sending out requests to mayors of every town in the state, asking their cooperation with inspectors who are taking census of grain and food supplies, and using their best efforts in an endeavor to protect them from fire and other means of destruction.

It will be unlawful after the 20th of this month to insert in a deed, mortgage, release or assignment of any kind a statement that the consideration